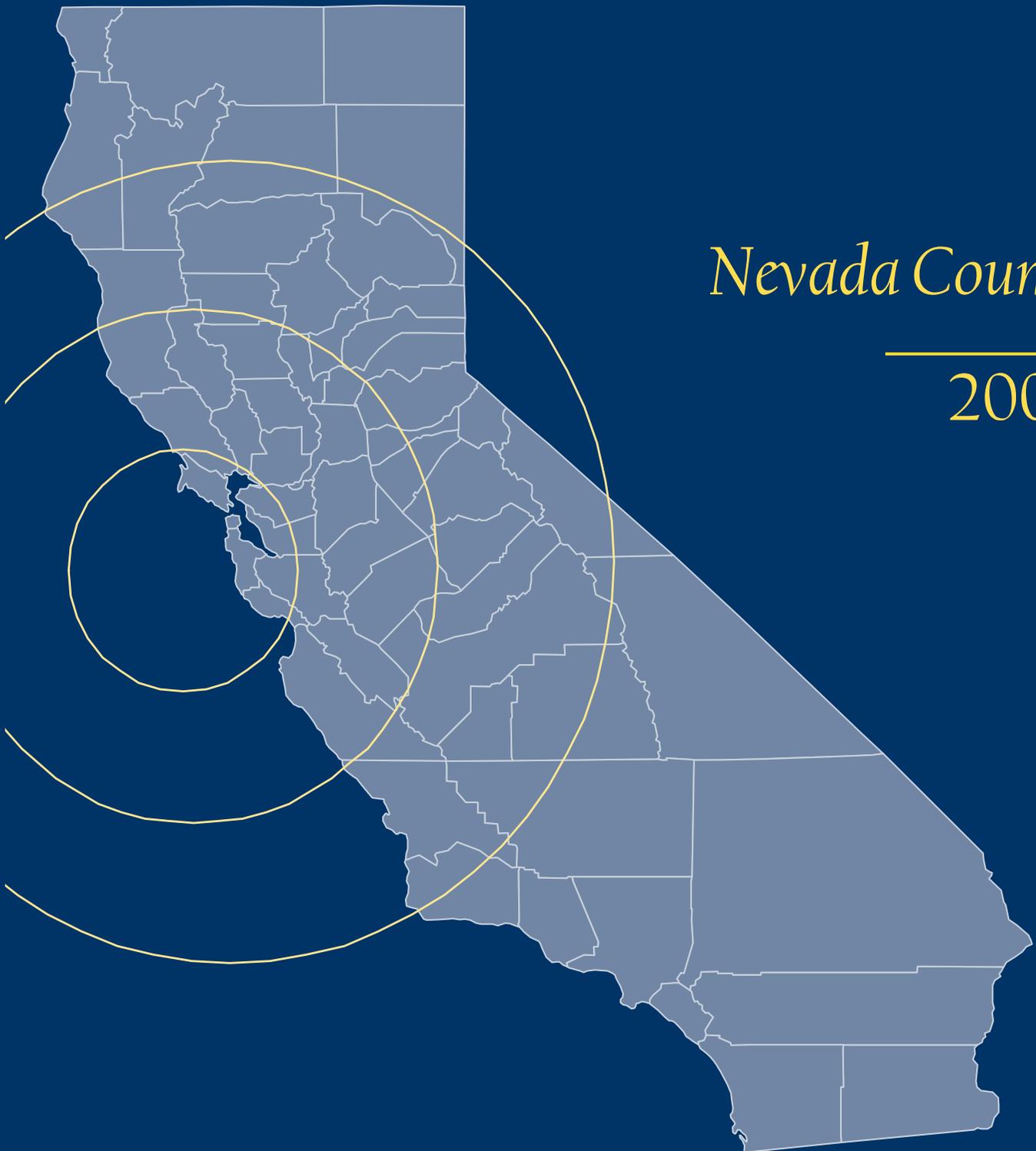


Indicators of Alcohol and Other Drug Risk and Consequences for California Counties



Nevada County

2007

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Nevada County

2007

Key Indicators of Community Alcohol and Drug Use

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Introduction

In the mid-1990s, the California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs, in collaboration with the Center for Applied Research Solutions (CARS), Inc. began to work toward improving the state's prevention information system. A key component of this information system was the continuous collection, monitoring and reporting of selected community-level indicators that would serve as direct and indirect measures of alcohol and other drug use prevalence and related problems. This information system was designed to assist with state and local prevention planning and policy-making by providing useful, systematic data about prevention and treatment needs and outcomes throughout the state.

The present report is the most recent product of this ongoing effort. It differs from earlier versions in a few important ways. First, while previous reports typically summarized data for more than twenty-five indicators of health and social conditions that are theoretically linked to problem substance use, the current version is more streamlined, focusing on eight key indicators of AOD use and abuse prevalence and their direct consequences, including impacts on the criminal justice, health and alcohol and drug treatment systems. Second, the 2007 report updates information contained in earlier versions, but expands in its depth to summarize data for populations within the larger county, including age, gender, and race/ethnicity sub-groups. This expanded detail allows for more precise analyses of alcohol and drug use problems within a county population and enhances the ability to effectively target prevention and intervention strategies to community needs. Similar to previous reports, the 2007 version includes simple analytic tools to help users interpret the information presented. This includes use of population-based rates (e.g., the number of incidents relative to the total population) to make meaningful comparisons between geographic areas that differ in population size, or comparisons between differing time points. Data is presented at both the county and state level to allow county rates to be evaluated against a relative average

The overall intent of the report is to provide a simple, easy-to-use resource that helps synthesize and interpret the most relevant indicator data currently available to assess substance use problems, in an effort to optimize prevention planning and outcome measurement efforts in communities through the state. Specifically, it is designed to support the work of planners, policy-makers, and practitioners in the field in:

- Determining the incidence of alcohol and other drug use problems within county populations and sub-populations;
- Monitoring trends in problem incidence to identify emergent issues and detect changes in status over time;
- Establishing program resource levels that are appropriate to address the nature and extent of prevention and treatment needs; and,
- Documenting progress toward achieving targeted prevention objectives and outcomes.

The report contains information on several key indicators of alcohol and drug prevalence and consequences for California populations in each of the following six areas:

- Household prevalence of problem alcohol use and use of illicit drugs;
- Admissions to publicly-funded alcohol and drug treatment facilities;
- Arrests for alcohol and drug-related criminal offenses;
- Motor vehicle accidents involving drivers who had been drinking;
- Hospitalizations for alcohol and drug-related conditions; and,
- Mortality attributable to acute and chronic alcohol and drug use.

Each report contains data compiled from several sources, including a statewide, longitudinal survey of California household populations, and state data systems housing public archival records from four central agencies, including the California Department of Justice, the California Highway Patrol, the California Department of Health Services, and the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD). This reliance on statewide data sources ensures that the information reported is drawn from reliable and valid measures that are routinely and uniformly collected across jurisdictions (i.e., all counties use the same data collection), allowing for comparisons over time, across counties, and between counties and the state.

Key Indicators of Community Alcohol and Drug Use • Nevada County

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Three Year Average	Ranking
INDICATOR 1 Past Month Alcohol Use Percentage of Total Respondents	• • •	65,000 91,000 71.6%	• • •	68,000 95,000 72.0%	• • •	68,000 ¹ 95,000 72.0%	+
INDICATOR 2 Past Month Binge Drinking Percentage of Total Respondents	• • •	16,000 91,000 17.9%	• • •	18,000 95,000 18.7%	• • •	18,000 ¹ 95,000 18.7%	+
INDICATOR 3 Admissions to Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment Rate per 1000 Population 10-69	322 70,644 455.8	337 72,816 462.8	459 74,239 618.3	440 75,902 579.7	497 77,197 643.8	465 75,779 614.1	+
INDICATOR 4 Arrests for Drug-Related Offenses Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69	320 70,644 453.0	440 72,816 604.3	628 74,239 845.9	658 75,902 866.9	650 77,197 842.0	645 75,779 851.6	+
INDICATOR 5 Arrests for Alcohol-Related Offenses Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69	1,085 70,644 1535.9	967 72,816 1328.0	1,077 74,239 1450.7	1,213 75,902 1598.1	1,283 77,197 1662.0	1,191 75,779 1571.7	+
INDICATOR 6 Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accident Fatalities Rate per 100,000 Population	3 92,532 3.2	4 94,523 4.2	3 95,752 3.1	2 97,320 2.1	** ** **	3 95,865 3.1	+
INDICATOR 7 Alcohol and Drug Use Hospitalizations Rate per 100,000 Population	63 92,532 68.1	92 94,523 97.3	** 95,752 **	90 97,320 92.5	** ** **	91 95,922 94.9	+
INDICATOR 8 Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use Rate per 100,000 Population	15 92,532 13.0	25 94,523 73.6	37 95,752 35.2	27 97,320 24.2	** ** **	30 95,865 44.3	+

** Data not available for most current reporting year. + County comparative rankings not yet calculated. ¹ 2003 prevalence rate; no three- year average calculated.

Prevalence of Alcohol Use

Key Findings

- In 2003 an estimated 72 percent of adults drank alcohol in the past month, significantly higher than the statewide average of 57 percent of adults. The binge drinking rate in 2003 was roughly 19 percent, higher than the statewide average of 15 percent.
- Past month alcohol use for both males and females were over 70 percent in 2003. Binge drinking rates were much higher for males. Roughly 27 percent of males reported binge drinking in the past month, compared to 11 percent of females.
- Whites were the only ethnicity group with a sample size large enough to estimate with confidence. Roughly 75 percent of Whites reported past month alcohol use, and 18 percent reported past month binge drinking.
- High levels of past month alcohol use were reported for all age groups, ranging from 64 percent for individuals between 55 and 64 to 82 percent for individuals between 35 and 44 years.
- Binge drinking rates were highest for individuals between 18 and 24 at a rate of 60 percent. Binge drinking decreased steadily with age.
- In 2003 an estimated 10.6 percent of adolescents under age 18 reported binge drinking, higher than the statewide average of 6.3 percent. It should be noted that the sample size was relatively small for this age bracket.



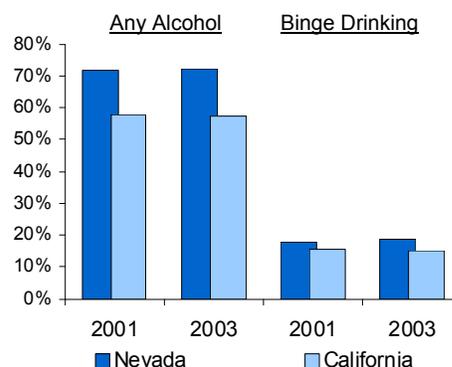
Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use

The number and percent of persons in the population who reported any use of alcohol and number of persons who reported any binge drinking in the past thirty days.

Table/Figure 1.1

Estimated Number and Percent of Persons 18 Years and Over Who Reported Any Use of Alcohol or Any Binge Drinking in the Past Thirty Days in **Nevada, Plumas and Sierra Counties** with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
	2001	2003	2001	2003
Estimated Number *	65,000	68,000	16,000	18,000
Estimated Population 18 and over	91,000	95,000	91,000	95,000
Percent of Total Population	71.6%	72.0%	17.9%	18.7%
CALIFORNIA Estimated Percent	57.9%	57.4%	15.4%	15.1%

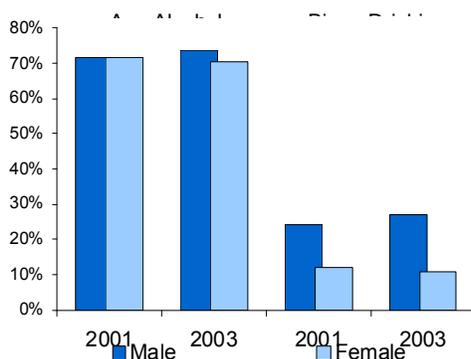


* Estimates rounded to the nearest thousand.

Table/Figure 1.2

Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in **Nevada, Plumas and Sierra Counties** by Gender

		Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
		2001	2003	2001	2003
Male	Estimated Number	32,000	34,000	11,000	13,000
	Estimated Population	44,000	46,000	44,000	46,000
	Percent of Population	71.5%	73.8%	24.1%	27.2%
Female	Estimated Number	34,000	34,000	6,000	5,000
	Estimated Population	47,000	49,000	47,000	49,000
	Percent of Population	71.7%	70.3%	12.1%	10.7%



Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

Objectives 26-10a

Increase the proportion of adolescents not using any alcohol or illicit drugs in the past thirty days.

•••

Objectives 26-11c

Decrease the proportion of adults engaging in binge drinking of alcoholic beverages during the past month.

Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.3
Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in **Nevada, Plumas and Sierra** Counties by Race/Ethnicity

		Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
		2001	2003	2001	2003
American Indian	Estimated Number	1,000	1,000	-	-
	Estimated Population	2,000	2,000	-	-
	Percent of Population	64.3%	47.1%	-	-
Asian/Pacific Islander	Estimated Number	-	-	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-	-	-
Black	Estimated Number	-	-	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-	-	-
Hispanic	Estimated Number	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	2,000	3,000	2,000	3,000
	Percent of Population	47.6%	34.7%	29.0%	28.2%
White	Estimated Number	62,000	66,000	15,000	16,000
	Estimated Population	85,000	88,000	84,000	88,000
	Percent of Population	72.6%	75.0%	18.1%	18.3%
Other	Estimated Number	1,000	-	-	-
	Estimated Population	2,000	-	-	-
	Percent of Population	74.4%	-	-	-

- Estimate not reported due to small sample size.

Figure 1.3
Past Month Alcohol Use by Race/Ethnicity

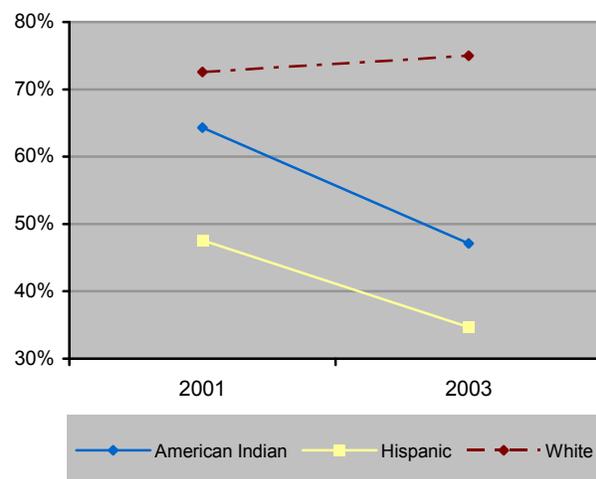
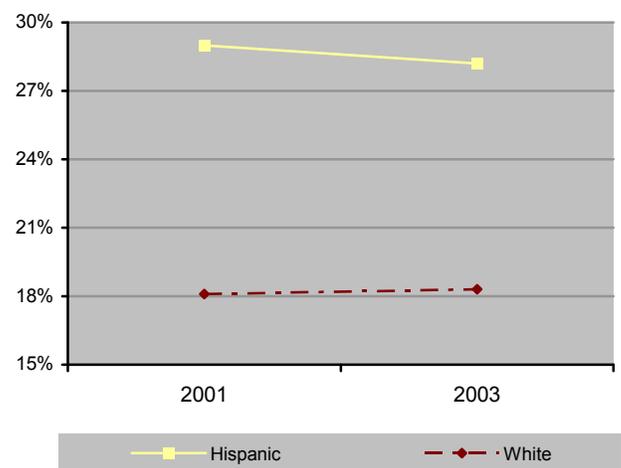


Figure 1.4
Past Month Binge Drinking by Race/Ethnicity



Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.4
Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in **Nevada, Plumas and Sierra** Counties by Age

		Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
		2001	2003	2001	2003
18 to 24	Estimated Number	6,000	8,000	3,000	6,000
	Estimated Population	9,000	10,000	8,000	10,000
	Percent of Population	68.0%	76.5%	36.4%	60.1%
25 to 34	Estimated Number	8,000	9,000	3,000	3,000
	Estimated Population	10,000	12,000	10,000	12,000
	Percent of Population	80.9%	76.4%	32.2%	23.9%
35 to 44	Estimated Number	13,000	12,000	4,000	2,000
	Estimated Population	19,000	15,000	19,000	15,000
	Percent of Population	70.7%	81.8%	21.4%	14.3%
45 to 54	Estimated Number	14,000	14,000	3,000	4,000
	Estimated Population	20,000	21,000	20,000	21,000
	Percent of Population	70.9%	68.5%	13.3%	19.4%
55 to 64	Estimated Number	11,000	10,000	2,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	14,000	16,000	14,000	16,000
	Percent of Population	78.5%	63.6%	17.7%	6.5%
65 and Over	Estimated Number	13,000	14,000	1,000	2,000
	Estimated Population	20,000	21,000	20,000	21,000
	Percent of Population	65.5%	70.1%	5.0%	7.9%

Figure 1.5
Past Month Alcohol Use by Age Category

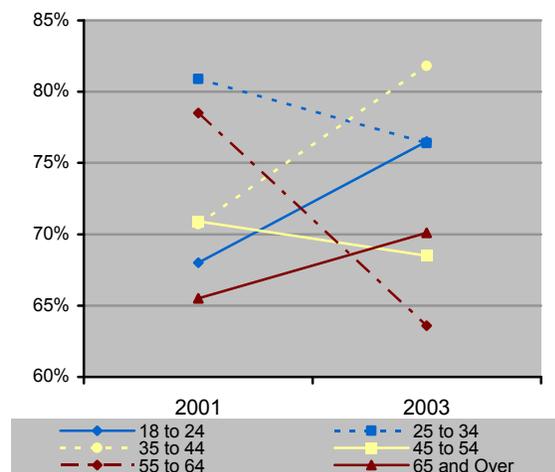
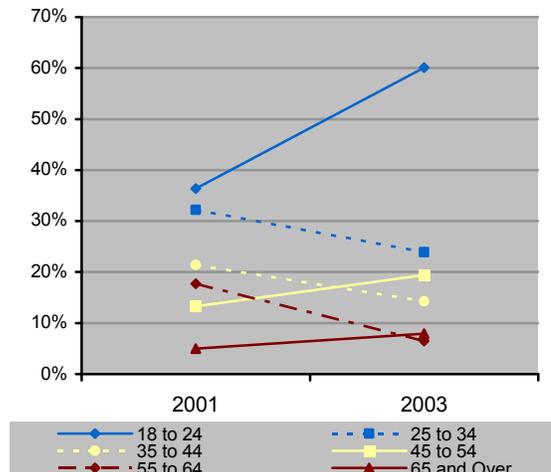


Figure 1.6
Past Month Binge Drinking by Age Category



Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.5
Estimated Number of Adolescents Under Age 18 Reporting Past Month Binge Drinking in **Nevada, Plumas
and Sierra** Counties

		2001	2003
CALIFORNIA	Estimated Number	200,000	205,000
	Estimated Population	3,040,000	3,260,000
	Percent of Population	6.6%	6.3%
Nevada, Plumas and Sierra Counties	Estimated Number	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	11,000	13,000
	Percent of Population	6.2%	10.6%
Male	Estimated Number	-	1,000
	Estimated Population	-	6,000
	Percent of Population	-	14.8%
Female	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
American Indian	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
Asian/Pacific Islander	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
Black	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
Hispanic	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
White	Estimated Number	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	10,000	12,000
	Percent of Population	5.9%	9.3%
Other	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-

Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

Key Findings

- In 2004 there were 497 admissions to alcohol and drug treatment, an increase from 322 in 2000. The rate of admissions in 2004 was 644 per 100,000 persons, lower than the statewide rate of 802 per 100,000 persons.
- Of the 497 admissions in 2004, 57 percent were for methamphetamine use, a significant increase from 32 percent in 2000. In 2004 21 percent of admissions were for alcohol use, a substantial decrease from 48 percent in 2000. Marijuana use accounted for roughly 10 percent of admissions in 2004.
- Over three-fourths of admissions in 2004 were for individuals between 18 and 44 years. The proportion of admissions for individuals between 18 and 24 years increased from 14 percent in 2000 to 25 percent in 2004. The proportion of admissions for youth between 10 and 17 years fell from 10 percent in 2000 to nearly zero in 2004.
- Whites accounted for 89 percent of admissions in 2004, and Hispanics accounted for roughly six percent.
- In 2004 males accounted for 44 percent of admissions.
- Over 83 percent of those admitted to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004 had initiated substance use prior to age 21, and over 71 percent had initiated prior to age 18.
- Almost 23 percent of admissions in 2004 were IV drug users.
- Roughly 5.7 percent of females admitted to alcohol and drug treatment were pregnant.
- There was only one youth under 18 admitted to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004.



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

The number of admissions to publicly funded alcohol and other drug treatment facilities in California and rate of admission per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 3.1

Number of Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Treatment Admissions	322	337	459	440	497
Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197
Rate per 100,000	455.8	462.8	618.3	579.7	643.8
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	842.3	915.6	908.4	862.1	801.7

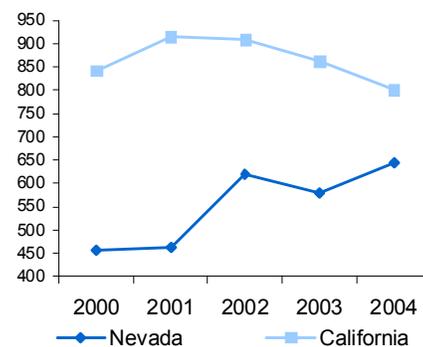


Table 3.2

AOD Treatment Admissions by Primary Drug Type, Percent of Total Admissions, and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS	322	337	459	440	497
Methamphetamines	104 32.3% 147.2	137 40.7% 188.1	253 55.1% 340.8	248 56.4% 326.7	284 57.1% 367.9
Alcohol	153 47.5% 216.6	135 40.1% 185.4	122 26.6% 164.3	118 26.8% 155.5	106 21.3% 137.3
Marijuana	33 10.2% 46.7	36 10.7% 49.4	51 11.1% 68.7	51 11.6% 67.2	50 10.1% 64.8
Heroin	11 3.4% 15.6	5 1.5% 6.9	5 1.1% 6.7	6 1.4% 7.9	8 1.6% 10.4
Crack/Cocaine	6 1.9% 8.5	5 1.5% 6.9	6 1.3% 8.1	5 1.1% 6.6	14 2.8% 18.1
Other Drugs	15 4.7% 21.2	19 5.6% 26.1	22 4.8% 29.6	12 2.7% 15.8	35 7.0% 45.3

Figure 3.2

2000 Admissions by Primary Drug Type

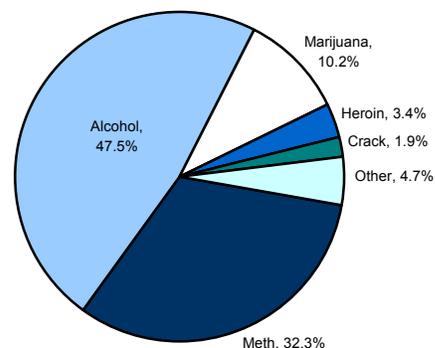
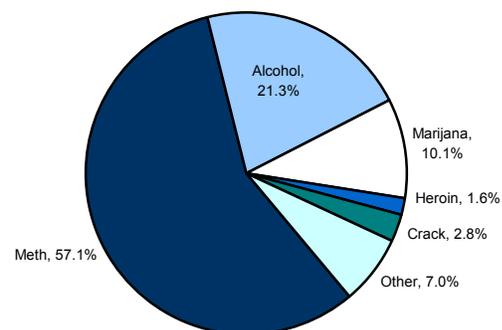


Figure 3.3

2004 Admissions by Primary Drug Type



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.3
Treatment Admissions by Client Age and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		322	337	459	440	497
10-17 Years	Number	33	6	6	7	1
	Population	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Rate per 100,000	293.5	52.0	51.6	59.9	8.6
	Percent of Total	10.2%	1.8%	1.3%	1.6%	0.2%
18-24 Years	Number	44	70	110	109	122
	Population	5,762	6,097	6,633	7,248	7,947
	Rate per 100,000	763.6	1148.1	1658.4	1503.9	1535.2
	Percent of Total	13.7%	20.8%	24.0%	24.8%	24.5%
25-34 Years	Number	71	76	128	124	133
	Population	7,982	7,789	7,494	7,128	6,706
	Rate per 100,000	889.5	975.7	1708.0	1739.6	1983.3
	Percent of Total	22.0%	22.6%	27.9%	28.2%	26.8%
35-44 Years	Number	123	109	161	128	144
	Population	14,095	14,222	14,048	13,928	13,725
	Rate per 100,000	872.6	766.4	1146.1	919.0	1049.2
	Percent of Total	38.2%	32.3%	35.1%	29.1%	29.0%
45-54 Years	Number	43	66	45	56	82
	Population	16,664	17,299	17,523	17,828	17,989
	Rate per 100,000	258.0	381.5	256.8	314.1	455.8
	Percent of Total	13.4%	19.6%	9.8%	12.7%	16.5%
55-64 Years	Number	8	9	9	13	14
	Population	10,652	11,543	12,500	13,387	14,226
	Rate per 100,000	75.1	78.0	72.0	97.1	98.4
	Percent of Total	2.5%	2.7%	2.0%	3.0%	2.8%
65+ Years	Number	0	1	0	3	1
	Population	16,132	16,287	16,508	16,824	17,194
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	6.1	0.0	17.8	5.8
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.7%	0.2%

Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.4
Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment by Client Race/Ethnicity and Rate per 100,000

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		322	337	459	440	497
American Indian	Number	3	9	13	10	13
	Population	569	577	586	589	594
	Rate per 100,000	527.2	1559.8	2218.4	1697.8	2188.6
	Percent of Total	0.9%	2.7%	2.8%	2.3%	2.6%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	1	4	4	3	0
	Population	672	668	671	676	679
	Rate per 100,000	148.8	598.8	596.1	443.8	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.3%	1.2%	0.9%	0.7%	0.0%
Black	Number	1	1	2	0	6
	Population	200	207	207	213	219
	Rate per 100,000	500.0	483.1	966.2	0.0	2739.7
	Percent of Total	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.0%	1.2%
Hispanic	Number	29	26	22	20	32
	Population	3,992	4,131	4,244	4,379	4,492
	Rate per 100,000	726.5	629.4	518.4	456.7	712.4
	Percent of Total	9.0%	7.7%	4.8%	4.5%	6.4%
White	Number	288	296	417	407	443
	Population	64,005	65,991	67,260	68,754	69,901
	Rate per 100,000	450.0	448.5	620.0	592.0	633.8
	Percent of Total	89.4%	87.8%	90.8%	92.5%	89.1%
Other	Number	0	1	1	0	3
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	0.6%

Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Figure 3.4
Nevada County
Treatment
Admission Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Primary Drug
Type

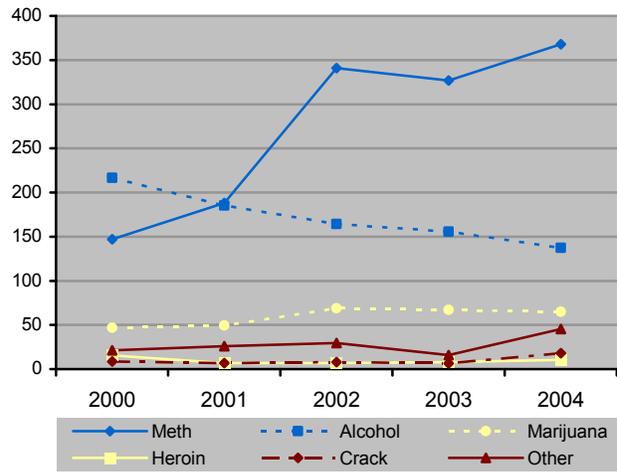


Figure 3.5
Nevada County
Treatment
Admission Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Age

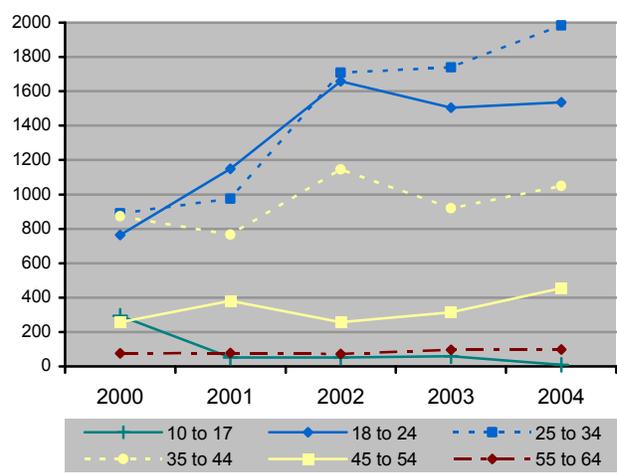
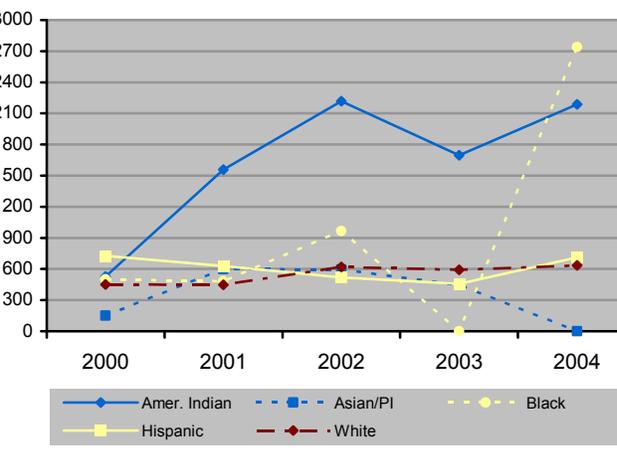


Figure 3.6
Nevada County
Treatment
Admission Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Race/
Ethnicity



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.5
Characteristics of Clients Admitted to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

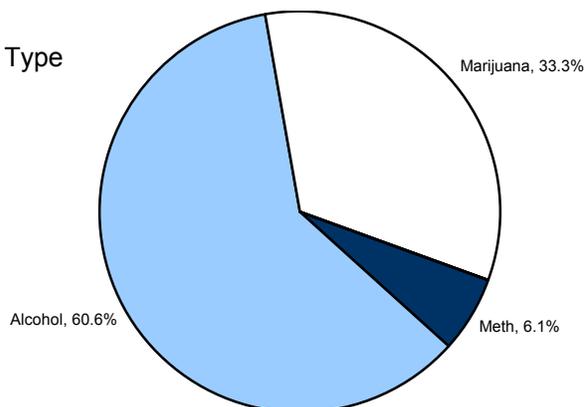
		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004	
TOTAL COUNTY ADMISSIONS		322	100.0%	337	100.0%	459	100.0%	440	100.0%	497	100.0%
Gender	Male	149	46.3%	166	49.3%	248	54.0%	208	47.3%	216	43.5%
	Female	173	53.7%	171	50.7%	211	46.0%	232	52.7%	281	56.5%
Age Initiated Substance Use	Under 10	13	4.0%	21	6.2%	13	2.8%	16	3.6%	20	4.0%
	11 to 12	39	12.1%	48	14.2%	64	13.9%	41	9.3%	52	10.5%
	13 to 14	81	25.2%	75	22.3%	74	16.1%	80	18.2%	94	18.9%
	15 to 17	80	24.8%	83	24.6%	150	32.7%	167	38.0%	168	33.8%
	18 to 20	38	11.8%	44	13.1%	62	13.5%	43	9.8%	58	11.7%
	21 and over	59	18.3%	54	16.0%	75	16.3%	76	17.3%	84	16.9%
IV Drug Users	Yes	69	21.4%	62	18.4%	104	22.7%	91	20.7%	114	22.9%
	No	253	78.6%	275	81.6%	355	77.3%	349	79.3%	383	77.1%
Pregnant	Yes	8	4.6%	6	3.5%	8	3.8%	7	3.0%	16	5.7%

Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.6
AOD Treatment Admissions by Primary Drug Type, Percent of Total Admissions, and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		33	6	6	7	1
Methamphetamines	Number	2	0	1	2	0
	Population 10-17	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Percent of Total	6.1%	0.0%	16.7%	28.6%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	17.8	0.0	8.6	17.1	0.0
Alcohol	Number	20	3	1	3	1
	Population 10-17	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Percent of Total	60.6%	50.0%	16.7%	42.9%	100.0%
	Rate per 100,000	177.9	26.0	8.6	25.7	8.6
Marijuana	Number	11	2	4	1	0
	Population 10-17	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Percent of Total	33.3%	33.3%	66.7%	14.3%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	97.8	17.3	34.4	8.6	0.0
Heroin	Number	0	0	0	1	0
	Population 10-17	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.6	0.0
Crack/Cocaine	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Drugs	Number	0	1	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Percent of Total	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0

Figure 3.7
2000 Admissions by Primary Drug Type
Among Youth Under 18 Years



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.7
AOD Treatment Admissions among Youth Under Age 18 by Client Race/Ethnicity, Rate per 100,000
Population 10 to 17, and Percent of Total Admissions

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS UNDER 18 YEARS		33	6	6	7	1
Male	Number	11	4	5	3	0
	Population 10-17	5,928	6,066	6,106	6,137	6,077
	Rate per 100,000	185.6	65.9	81.9	48.9	0.0
	Percent of Total	33.3%	66.7%	83.3%	42.9%	0.0%
Female	Number	22	2	1	4	1
	Population 10-17	5,315	5,476	5,521	5,543	5,550
	Rate per 100,000	413.9	36.5	18.1	72.2	18.0
	Percent of Total	66.7%	33.3%	16.7%	57.1%	100.0%
American Indian	Number	1	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	100	100	98	93	86
	Rate per 100,000	1000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	85	78	72	71	73
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Black	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	43	45	42	45	48
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	5	2	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	858	876	893	928	954
	Rate per 100,000	582.8	228.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	15.2%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
White	Number	27	4	6	7	1
	Population 10-17	9,864	10,146	10,226	10,246	10,180
	Rate per 100,000	273.7	39.4	58.7	68.3	9.8
	Percent of Total	81.8%	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Other	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Alcohol and Drug-Related Crime

Key Findings

- In 2004 there were 650 arrests for drug-related crimes, a sharp increase from 320 arrests in 2000. The rate of arrest in 2004 was 842 per 100,000, lower than the statewide average of 1023 per 100,000 persons.
- Arrests for marijuana accounted for 43 percent of the total in 2004, and dangerous drugs accounted for roughly 21 percent of the total. Arrests for narcotics accounted for roughly five percent of the total in 2004, and the remaining 31 percent were for other drug violations.
- Whites accounted for 93 percent of arrests for drug-related crime in 2004, and Hispanics accounted for slightly over five percent.
- Young adults between 18 and 24 years accounted for 30 percent of drug arrests in 2004, and adults between 25 and 34 years accounted for another 21 percent of the total. There were 140 youth between 10 and 17 years who were arrested for drugs in 2004, accounting for 22 percent of the total.
- Of the 140 youth arrested for drugs in 2004, 71 percent were male. Roughly 86 percent were White, and 11 percent were Hispanic.
- There were 1283 arrests for alcohol-related crime in 2004, an increase from 1085 in 2000. The rate of arrest in 2004 was 1662 per 100,000 persons, higher than the statewide average of 1087 per 100,000.
- Almost 62 percent of arrests for alcohol-related crime in 2004 were for driving under the influence, and about one-third were for drunkenness. Liquor law violations accounted for roughly five percent of the total.
- Whites accounted for almost 90 percent of arrests for alcohol-related crime. Hispanics accounted for another seven percent.
- Individuals between 18 and 24 accounted for 24 percent of arrests for alcohol-related crime in 2004 at a rate of 3939 per 100,000 persons. The next highest rate was for individuals between 25 and 34 years at a rate of 3534 per 100,000. Rates declined with age.
- There were 71 arrests for alcohol-related crime in 2004 for youth between 10 and 17 years, and 58 percent were male.



Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime

The number of felony and misdemeanor arrests for drug crimes, including dangerous drugs, narcotics, marijuana, and other drug violations and rate per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 4.1
Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Drug Offenses
and Rate per 100,000 Population 10 to 69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Drug Arrests	320	440	628	658	650
Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197
Rate per 100,000	453.0	604.3	845.9	866.9	842.0
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	961.8	930.4	939.7	985.7	1023.4

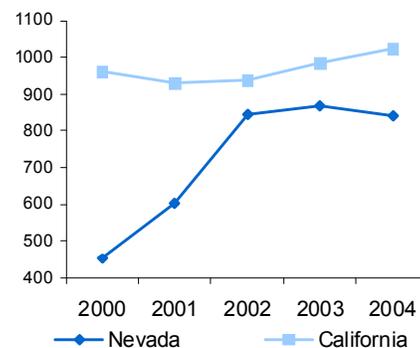


Table 4.2
Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Drug Offenses by Specific Offense and
Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
ALL DRUG ARRESTS			320	440	628	658	650
Dangerous Drugs	Number	84	130	129	169	137	
	Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197	
	Rate per 100,000	118.9	178.5	173.8	222.7	177.5	
	Percent of Total	26.3%	29.5%	20.5%	25.7%	21.1%	
Narcotics	Number	13	17	24	24	33	
	Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197	
	Rate per 100,000	18.4	23.3	32.3	31.6	42.7	
	Percent of Total	4.1%	3.9%	3.8%	3.6%	5.1%	
Marijuana	Number	153	169	311	287	277	
	Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197	
	Rate per 100,000	216.6	232.1	418.9	378.1	358.8	
	Percent of Total	47.8%	38.4%	49.5%	43.6%	42.6%	
Other Drug Violations	Number	70	124	164	178	203	
	Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197	
	Rate per 100,000	99.1	170.3	220.9	234.5	263.0	
	Percent of Total	21.9%	28.2%	26.1%	27.1%	31.2%	

Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 4.3
 Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses
 by Race/Ethnicity of Offender and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS		320	440	628	658	650
American Indian	Number	0	4	1	4	0
	Population	569	577	586	589	594
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	693.2	170.6	679.1	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.9%	0.2%	0.6%	0.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	12	5	9
	Population	672	668	671	676	679
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	1788.4	739.6	1325.5
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%	0.8%	1.4%
Black	Number	7	5	6	4	2
	Population	200	207	207	213	219
	Rate per 100,000	3500.0	2415.5	2898.6	1877.9	913.2
	Percent of Total	2.2%	1.1%	1.0%	0.6%	0.3%
Hispanic	Number	18	23	44	40	35
	Population	3,992	4,131	4,244	4,379	4,492
	Rate per 100,000	450.9	556.8	1036.8	913.5	779.2
	Percent of Total	5.6%	5.2%	7.0%	6.1%	5.4%
White	Number	295	407	563	605	603
	Population	64,005	65,991	67,260	68,754	69,901
	Rate per 100,000	460.9	616.8	837.1	879.9	862.6
	Percent of Total	92.2%	92.5%	89.6%	91.9%	92.8%
Other	Number	0	1	2	0	1
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.2%	0.3%	0.0%	0.2%

Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 4.4
Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses
by Age of Offender and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS		320	440	628	658	650
10-17 Years	Number	76	107	162	143	140
	Population	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Rate per 100,000	676.0	927.0	1393.3	1224.3	1204.1
	Percent of Total	23.8%	24.3%	25.8%	21.7%	21.5%
18-24 Years	Number	103	130	173	206	193
	Population	5,762	6,097	6,633	7,248	7,947
	Rate per 100,000	1787.6	2132.2	2608.2	2842.2	2428.6
	Percent of Total	32.2%	29.5%	27.5%	31.3%	29.7%
25-34 Years	Number	62	108	132	145	133
	Population	7,982	7,789	7,494	7,128	6,706
	Rate per 100,000	776.7	1386.6	1761.4	2034.2	1983.3
	Percent of Total	19.4%	24.5%	21.0%	22.0%	20.5%
35-44 Years	Number	56	62	94	119	117
	Population	14,095	14,222	14,048	13,928	13,725
	Rate per 100,000	397.3	435.9	669.1	854.4	852.5
	Percent of Total	17.5%	14.1%	15.0%	18.1%	18.0%
45-54 Years	Number	20	27	51	36	58
	Population	16,664	17,299	17,523	17,828	17,989
	Rate per 100,000	120.0	156.1	291.0	201.9	322.4
	Percent of Total	6.3%	6.1%	8.1%	5.5%	8.9%
55-64 Years	Number	3	5	13	9	8
	Population	10,652	11,543	12,500	13,387	14,226
	Rate per 100,000	28.2	43.3	104.0	67.2	56.2
	Percent of Total	0.9%	1.1%	2.1%	1.4%	1.2%
65+ Years	Number	0	1	3	0	1
	Population	16,132	16,287	16,508	16,824	17,194
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	6.1	18.2	0.0	5.8
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.2%	0.5%	0.0%	0.2%

Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Figure 4.2
Nevada County
Drug Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
for Drug Offenses

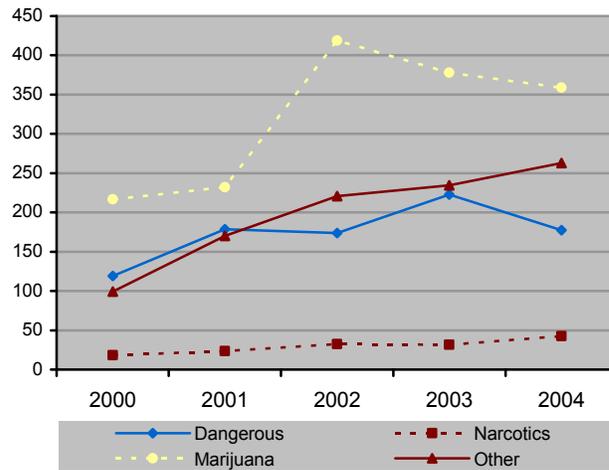


Figure 4.3
Nevada County
Drug Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Age
Group

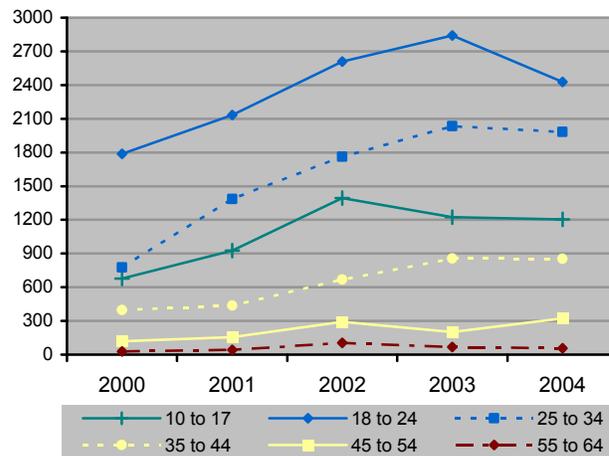
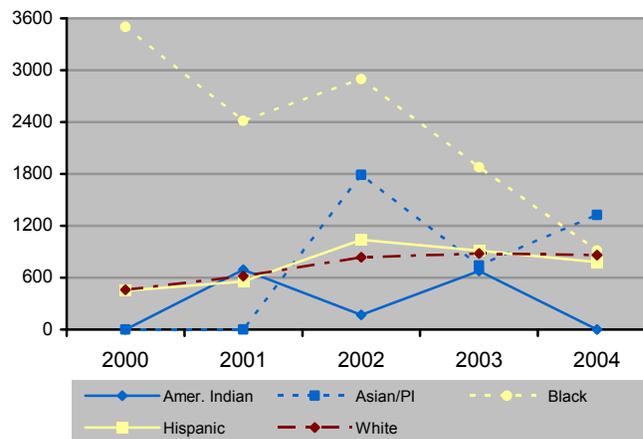


Figure 4.4
Nevada County
Drug Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Race/
Ethnicity



Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 4.5
Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses by Gender and Race among Underage Offenders and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS UNDER 18 YEARS		76	107	162	143	140
Male	Number	61	72	119	103	100
	Population 10-17	5,928	6,066	6,106	6,137	6,077
	Rate per 100,000	1029.0	1186.9	1948.9	1678.3	1645.5
	Percent of Total	80.3%	67.3%	73.5%	72.0%	71.4%
Female	Number	15	35	43	40	40
	Population 10-17	5,315	5,476	5,521	5,543	5,550
	Rate per 100,000	282.2	639.2	778.8	721.6	720.7
	Percent of Total	19.7%	32.7%	26.5%	28.0%	28.6%
American Indian	Number	0	0	0	1	0
	Population 10-17	100	100	98	93	86
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	1075.3	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	1	0	4
	Population 10-17	85	78	72	71	73
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	1388.9	0.0	5479.5
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	2.9%
Black	Number	0	0	1	0	0
	Population 10-17	43	45	42	45	48
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	2381.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	1	3	5	12	16
	Population 10-17	858	876	893	928	954
	Rate per 100,000	116.6	342.5	559.9	1293.1	1677.1
	Percent of Total	1.3%	2.8%	3.1%	8.4%	11.4%
White	Number	75	104	41	130	120
	Population 10-17	9,864	10,146	10,226	10,246	10,180
	Rate per 100,000	760.3	1025.0	400.9	1268.8	1178.8
	Percent of Total	98.7%	97.2%	25.3%	90.9%	85.7%
Other	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime

The number of felony and misdemeanor arrests for alcohol-related crimes, including felony and misdemeanor driving under-the-influence, public drunkenness, and liquor law violations and rate per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 5.1
Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Alcohol Offenses and Rate per 100,000 Population 10 to 69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Alcohol Arrests	1,085	967	1,077	1,213	1,283
Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197
Rate per 100,000	1535.9	1328.0	1450.7	1598.1	1662.0
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	1238.2	1166.6	1124.7	1127.8	1087.4

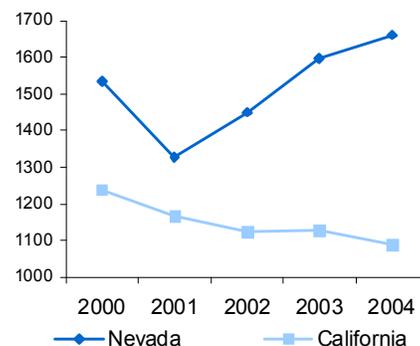


Table 5.2
Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Alcohol Offenses by Specific Offense and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS		1,085	967	1,077	1,213	1,283
Driving-Under-the-Influence	Number	693	602	573	677	792
	Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197
	Rate per 100,000	981.0	826.7	771.8	891.9	1025.9
	Percent of Total	63.9%	62.3%	53.2%	55.8%	61.7%
Drunk	Number	344	323	450	453	426
	Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197
	Rate per 100,000	486.9	443.6	606.2	596.8	551.8
	Percent of Total	31.7%	33.4%	41.8%	37.3%	33.2%
Liquor Law Violations	Number	48	42	54	83	65
	Population 10-69	70,644	72,816	74,239	75,902	77,197
	Rate per 100,000	67.9	57.7	72.7	109.4	84.2
	Percent of Total	4.4%	4.3%	5.0%	6.8%	5.1%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 5.3
 Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses
 by Race/Ethnicity of Offender and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS		1,085	967	1,077	1,213	1,283
American Indian	Number	13	9	6	7	5
	Population	569	577	586	589	594
	Rate per 100,000	2284.7	1559.8	1023.9	1188.5	841.8
	Percent of Total	1.2%	0.9%	0.6%	0.6%	0.4%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	2	9	9	11	7
	Population	672	668	671	676	679
	Rate per 100,000	297.6	1347.3	1341.3	1627.2	1030.9
	Percent of Total	0.2%	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%	0.5%
Black	Number	15	16	11	15	14
	Population	200	207	207	213	219
	Rate per 100,000	7500.0	7729.5	5314.0	7042.3	6392.7
	Percent of Total	1.4%	1.7%	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%
Hispanic	Number	83	61	104	93	92
	Population	3,992	4,131	4,244	4,379	4,492
	Rate per 100,000	2079.2	1476.6	2450.5	2123.8	2048.1
	Percent of Total	7.6%	6.3%	9.7%	7.7%	7.2%
White	Number	969	872	941	1,083	1,154
	Population	64,005	65,991	67,260	68,754	69,901
	Rate per 100,000	1513.9	1321.4	1399.0	1575.2	1650.9
	Percent of Total	89.3%	90.2%	87.4%	89.3%	89.9%
Other	Number	3	0	6	4	11
	Percent of Total	0.3%	0.0%	0.6%	0.3%	0.9%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 5.4
Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses
by Age of Offender and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS		1,085	967	1,077	1,213	1,283
10-17 Years	Number	51	66	82	67	71
	Population	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680	11,627
	Rate per 100,000	453.6	571.8	705.3	573.6	610.6
	Percent of Total	4.7%	6.8%	7.6%	5.5%	5.5%
18-24 Years	Number	237	206	189	291	313
	Population	5,762	6,097	6,633	7,248	7,947
	Rate per 100,000	4113.2	3378.7	2849.4	4014.9	3938.6
	Percent of Total	21.8%	21.3%	17.5%	24.0%	24.4%
25-34 Years	Number	252	206	250	248	237
	Population	7,982	7,789	7,494	7,128	6,706
	Rate per 100,000	3157.1	2644.8	3336.0	3479.2	3534.1
	Percent of Total	23.2%	21.3%	23.2%	20.4%	18.5%
35-44 Years	Number	287	277	279	292	336
	Population	14,095	14,222	14,048	13,928	13,725
	Rate per 100,000	2036.2	1947.7	1986.0	2096.5	2448.1
	Percent of Total	26.5%	28.6%	25.9%	24.1%	26.2%
45-54 Years	Number	195	157	208	251	218
	Population	16,664	17,299	17,523	17,828	17,989
	Rate per 100,000	1170.2	907.6	1187.0	1407.9	1211.9
	Percent of Total	18.0%	16.2%	19.3%	20.7%	17.0%
55-64 Years	Number	41	41	53	50	88
	Population	10,652	11,543	12,500	13,387	14,226
	Rate per 100,000	384.9	355.2	424.0	373.5	618.6
	Percent of Total	3.8%	4.2%	4.9%	4.1%	6.9%
65+ Years	Number	22	14	16	14	20
	Population	16,132	16,287	16,508	16,824	17,194
	Rate per 100,000	136.4	86.0	96.9	83.2	116.3
	Percent of Total	2.0%	1.4%	1.5%	1.2%	1.6%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Figure 5.2
Nevada County
Alcohol Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
for Alcohol
Offenses

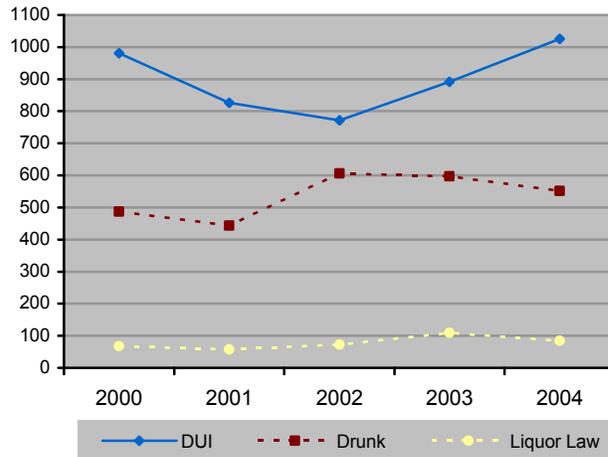


Figure 5.3
Nevada County
Alcohol Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Age
Group

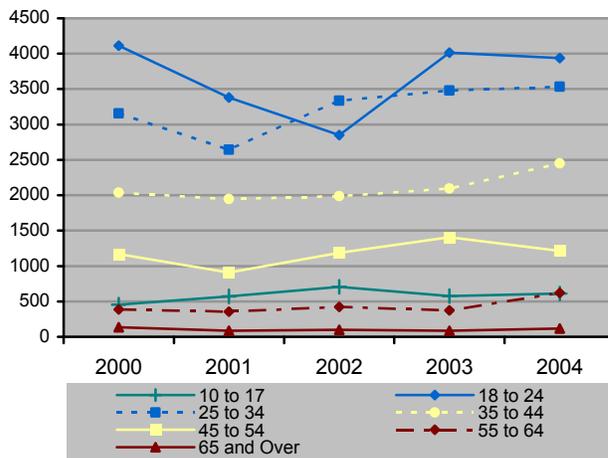
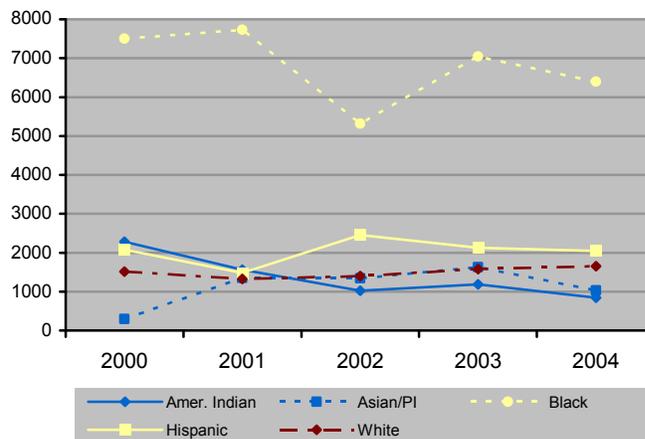


Figure 5.4
Nevada County
Alcohol Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Race/
Ethnicity



Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 5.5
Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses by Gender and Race among Underage Offenders and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS UNDER 18 YEARS		51	66	82	67	71
Male	Number	39	55	53	45	41
	Population 10-17	5,928	6,066	6,106	6,137	6,077
	Rate per 100,000	657.9	906.7	868.0	733.3	674.7
	Percent of Total	76.5%	83.3%	64.6%	67.2%	57.7%
Female	Number	12	11	29	22	30
	Population 10-17	5,315	5,476	5,521	5,543	5,550
	Rate per 100,000	225.8	200.9	525.3	396.9	540.5
	Percent of Total	23.5%	16.7%	35.4%	32.8%	42.3%
American Indian	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	100	100	98	93	86
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	1	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	85	78	72	71	73
	Rate per 100,000	1176.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Black	Number	1	0	0	0	2
	Population 10-17	43	45	42	45	48
	Rate per 100,000	2325.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	4166.7
	Percent of Total	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%
Hispanic	Number	3	4	5	1	3
	Population 10-17	858	876	893	928	954
	Rate per 100,000	349.7	456.6	559.9	107.8	314.5
	Percent of Total	5.9%	6.1%	6.1%	1.5%	4.2%
White	Number	46	62	77	66	66
	Population 10-17	9,864	10,146	10,226	10,246	10,180
	Rate per 100,000	466.3	611.1	753.0	644.2	648.3
	Percent of Total	90.2%	93.9%	93.9%	98.5%	93.0%
Other	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Drinking and Driving

Key Findings

- In 2003 there were two fatalities in alcohol-involved accidents, a decrease from three in 2000. The fatality rate in 2003 was 2.1 fatalities per 100,000, lower than the statewide average of 4.0 per 100,000.
- There were 191 alcohol-involved collisions in 2003, an increase from 177 in 2000. Alcohol-involved collisions accounted for roughly 12 percent of all collisions in 2003. There were 151 persons injured in alcohol-involved collisions in 2003, an increase from 138 in 2000.
- There were a total of 194 parties involved in alcohol-involved accidents in 2003, an increase from 180 in 2000. Almost 80 percent of parties in alcohol-involved accidents in 2003 were male.
- Whites accounted for 77 percent of parties in alcohol-involved accidents in 2003, and roughly nine percent were Hispanic.
- The highest rate and highest proportion of parties in alcohol-involved accidents in 2003 were for individuals between 18 and 24 years. This age bracket accounted for 29 percent of the total at a rate of 773 per 100,000 persons. The proportion and rate decreased steadily with age.
- There were 29 parties less than 21 years of age who had been drinking in alcohol-involved accidents, and almost 80 percent were male. Roughly 86 percent were White and 10 percent were Hispanic.
- In 2003, 18 percent of youth had ridden in a car with someone who had been drinking, slightly lower than the statewide average of 20 percent.



Indicators 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents

The number of alcohol-involved motor vehicle accidents and number of persons injured or killed and rate of admission per 100,000 population

Table/Figure 6.1

Nevada County Fatalities in Alcohol-Involved Accidents and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Fatalities	3	4	3	2
Total Population	92,532	94,523	95,752	97,320
Rate per 100,000	3.2	4.2	3.1	2.1
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.0
Healthy People 2010	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0

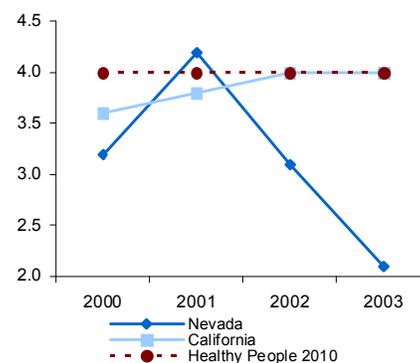


Table 6.2

Nevada County Fatalities in Alcohol-Involved Accidents as a Percent of Total Collisions

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total Collisions (Nevada)	1,450	1,587	1,633	1,560
Total Alcohol-Involved Collisions	177	181	168	191
Alcohol-Involved Collisions as a Percent of Total	12.2%	11.4%	10.3%	12.2%
Number of Persons Killed	3	4	3	2
Number of Persons Injured	138	155	143	151

Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

*Reduce the number of
traffic fatalities involving
alcohol to 4.0 per 100,000
by the year 2010*

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

Table 6.3
Parties in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had Been Drinking by Party Gender and Race and Rate per 100,000 Population Ages 16 and Over

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING IN ALCOHOL-INVOLVED ACCIDENTS		180	184	169	194
Male	Number	143	135	127	155
	Population	36,231	37,288	38,117	39,024
	Rate per 100,000	394.7	362.0	333.2	397.2
	Percent of Total	79.4%	73.4%	75.1%	79.9%
Female	Number	36	47	35	34
	Population	37,937	38,891	39,598	40,378
	Rate per 100,000	94.9	120.9	88.4	84.2
	Percent of Total	20.0%	25.5%	20.7%	17.5%
Other/Unknown	Number	1	2	7	5
	Percent of Total	0.6%	1.1%	4.1%	2.6%
Black	Number	**	**	1	2
	Population	179	182	186	190
	Rate per 100,000			537.6	1052.6
	Percent of Total			0.6%	1.0%
Hispanic	Number	**	**	10	17
	Population	3,523	3,660	3,771	3,902
	Rate per 100,000			265.2	435.7
	Percent of Total			5.9%	8.8%
White	Number	**	**	135	150
	Population	68,192	70,015	71,373	72,855
	Rate per 100,000			189.1	205.9
	Percent of Total			79.9%	77.3%
Other/Unknown	Number	**	**	23	25
	Percent of Total			13.6%	12.9%

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

Table 6.4
Parties in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had Been Drinking by Age and Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING		180	184	169	194
10-17 Years	Number	3	5	2	6
	Population	11,243	11,542	11,627	11,680
	Rate per 100,000	26.7	43.3	17.2	51.4
	Percent of Total	1.7%	2.7%	1.2%	3.1%
18-24 Years	Number	42	36	43	56
	Population	5,762	6,097	6,633	7,248
	Rate per 100,000	728.9	590.5	648.3	772.6
	Percent of Total	23.3%	19.6%	25.4%	28.9%
25-34 Years	Number	32	48	42	39
	Population	7,982	7,789	7,494	7,128
	Rate per 100,000	400.9	616.3	560.4	547.1
	Percent of Total	17.8%	26.1%	24.9%	20.1%
35-44 Years	Number	53	49	36	41
	Population	14,095	14,222	14,048	13,928
	Rate per 100,000	376.0	344.5	256.3	294.4
	Percent of Total	29.4%	26.6%	21.3%	21.1%
45-54 Years	Number	37	27	26	34
	Population	16,664	17,299	17,523	17,828
	Rate per 100,000	222.0	156.1	148.4	190.7
	Percent of Total	20.6%	14.7%	15.4%	17.5%
55-64 Years	Number	7	14	9	8
	Population	10,652	11,543	12,500	13,387
	Rate per 100,000	65.7	121.3	72.0	59.8
	Percent of Total	3.9%	7.6%	5.3%	4.1%
65+ Years	Number	4	2	4	3
	Population	16,132	16,287	16,508	16,824
	Rate per 100,000	24.8	12.3	24.2	17.8
	Percent of Total	2.2%	1.1%	2.4%	1.5%
Other/Unknown	Number	2	3	7	7
	Percent of Total	1.1%	1.6%	4.1%	3.6%

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

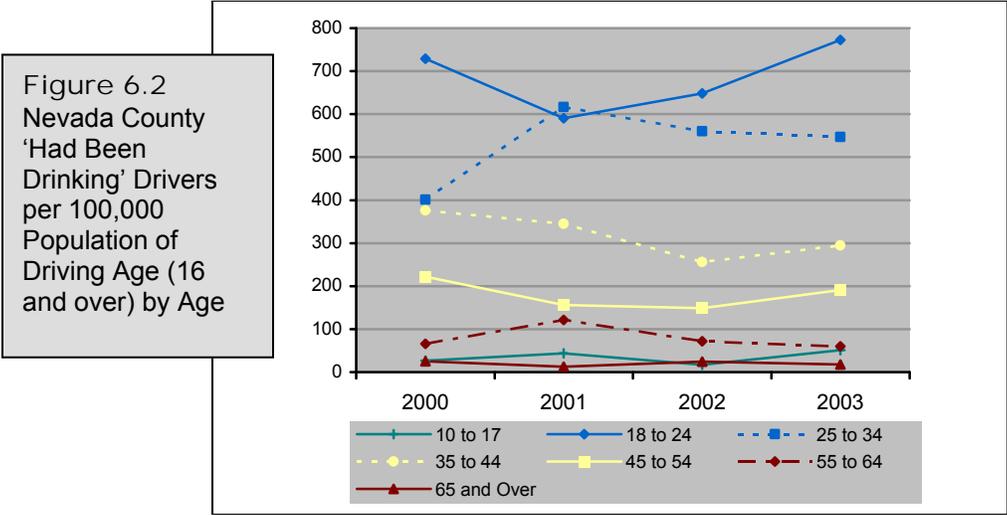


Table 6.5 Underage Parties (<21 Years) in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had been Drinking by Party Gender and Race and Rate per 100,000 Population Ages 16 – 20

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING IN ALCOHOL-INVOLVED ACCIDENTS		14	15	18	29
Male	Number	12	12	12	23
	Population	3,201	3,442	3,728	3,904
	Rate per 100,000	374.9	348.6	321.9	589.1
	Percent of Total	85.7%	80.0%	66.7%	79.3%
Female	Number	2	3	6	6
	Population	2,734	2,983	3,234	3,381
	Rate per 100,000	73.2	100.6	185.5	177.5
	Percent of Total	14.3%	20.0%	33.3%	20.7%
Black	Number	**	**	0	0
	Population	39	37	29	23
	Rate per 100,000			0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total			0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	**	**	2	3
	Population	516	534	535	544
	Rate per 100,000			373.8	551.5
	Percent of Total			11.1%	10.3%
White	Number	**	**	15	25
	Population	5,107	5,576	6,109	6,416
	Rate per 100,000			245.5	389.7
	Percent of Total			83.3%	86.2%
Other/Unknown	Number	**	**	1	1
	Percent of Total			5.6%	3.4%

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

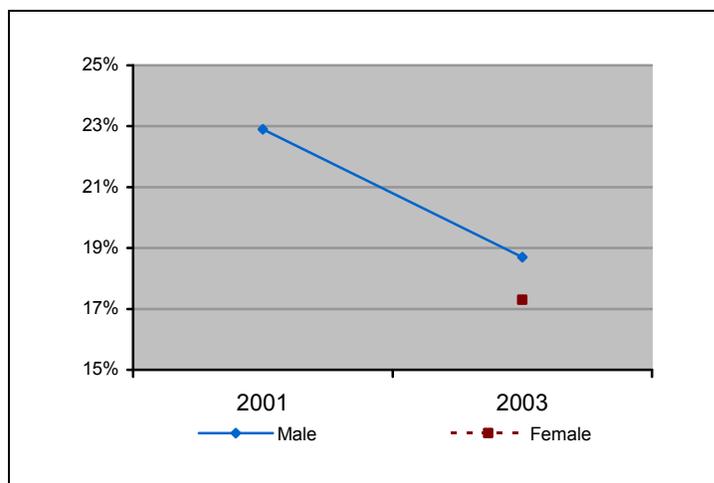
Table 6.6

Youth Who Have Ridden in a Car with Someone Who Had Been Drinking in **Nevada, Plumas and Sierra** Counties Percent of Youth Population by Gender with Comparison to State Rates

	2001			2003		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Estimated Number	2,000	1,000	-	2,000	1,000	1,000
Estimated Population	11,000	6,000	5,000	13,000	6,000	7,000
Percent of Total	17.7%	22.9%	-	18.0%	18.7%	17.3%
CALIFORNIA Estimated Percent of Total	18.7%	19.0%	18.5%	20.0%	19.0%	21.0%

Figure 6.3

Percent of Youth Who Have Ridden in a Car with Someone Who Had Been Drinking in **Nevada, Plumas and Sierra** Counties



Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

*Reduce the number of high
school students who have
ridden in a car with someone
who had been drinking to
30% by the year 2010*

Alcohol and Drug-Related Morbidity

Key Findings

- In 2003 there were 90 hospital admissions due to alcohol and drug use, an increase from 63 admissions in 2000. The hospitalization rate in 2003 was 92.5 per 100,000, slightly higher than the statewide average of 89.7 per 100,000 persons.
- The number of admissions due to alcohol-related causes increased from 15 in 2000 to 29 in 2003. The rate of hospitalizations due to alcohol-related causes in 2003 was 29.8 per 100,000, lower than the statewide rate of 44.6 per 100,000 persons.
- The number of admissions due to drug-related causes increased from 48 in 2000 to 61 in 2003. The rate of hospitalizations due to drug-related causes in 2003 was 62.7 per 100,000, significantly higher than the statewide average of 45.1 per 100,000 persons.
- Of the 29 admissions for alcohol-related causes, 22 were for alcohol psychosis, and six were for alcohol gastritis.
- Of the 61 admissions for drug-related causes, 59 were for drug poisonings.

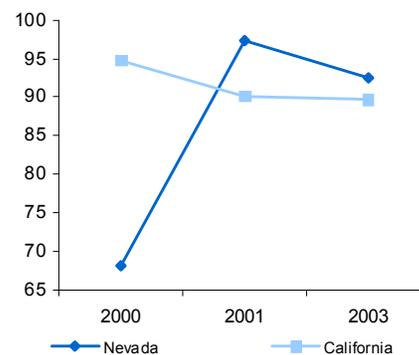


Indicator 7: Hospitalizations Due to Alcohol and Drug Use

The number of hospital admissions due to alcohol and drug-related causes and rate per 100,000 population.

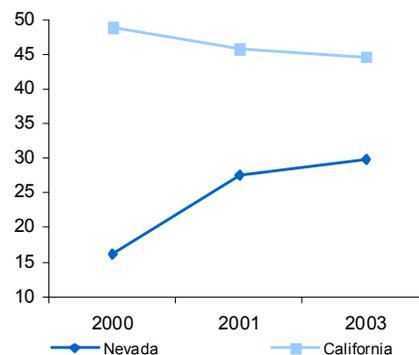
Table/Figure 7.1
Number of Hospital Admissions Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes (Combined) and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	63	92	**	90
Total Population	92,532	94,523	95,752	97,320
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	68.1	97.3	**	92.5
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	94.8	90.1	**	89.7



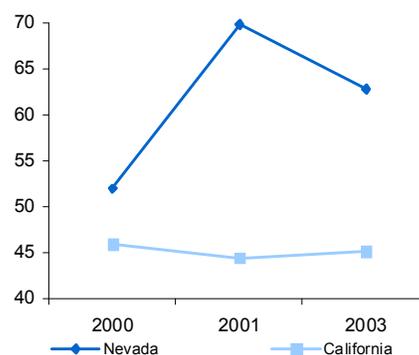
Table/Figure 7.2
Number of Hospital Admissions Due to *Alcohol*-Related Causes and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	15	26	**	29
Total Population	92,532	94,523	95,752	97,320
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	16.2	27.5	**	29.8
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	48.9	45.7	**	44.6



Table/Figure 7.3
Number of Hospital Admissions Due to *Drug-Related* Causes and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	48	66	**	61
Total Population	92,532	94,523	95,752	97,320
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	51.9	69.8	**	62.7
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	45.9	44.4	**	45.1



Indicator 7: Hospitalizations Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 7.4
Number of Hospital Admissions Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Specific Cause

	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
TOTAL ALCOHOL-RELATED HOSPITALIZATIONS	15	100.0	26	100.0	**	**	29	100.0
Alcohol Psychosis	11	73.3	20	76.9	**	**	22	75.9
Alcohol Abuse	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Dependence Syndrome	2	13.3	2	7.7	**	**	1	3.4
Alcohol Gastritis	2	13.3	4	15.4	**	**	6	20.7
Alcoholic Liver Disease	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Poisoning	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Excessive Blood Level of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
TOTAL DRUG-RELATED HOSPITALIZATIONS	48	100.0	66	100.0	**	**	61	100.0
Drug Psychosis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Dependence								
Barbituates	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cannabis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Hallucinogen	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Inhalant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Morphine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Stimulant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Combination	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Unspecified	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Maternal Drug Dependence	0	0.0	1	1.5	**	**	0	0.0
Abuse								
Amphetamine	0	0.0	1	1.5	**	**	0	0.0
Antidepressant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	1	1.6
Cannabis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Hallucinogen	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Morphine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Sedative	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Other, Mixed or Unspecified	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	1	1.6
Drug Poisonings	48	100.0	64	97.0	**	**	59	96.7
Drug Exposure in Newborns	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Fetal Damage due to Maternal Drug Use	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Drug Polyneuropathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0

** OSHPD admissions data not available for 2002.

Alcohol and Drug-Related Mortality

Key Findings

- The number of deaths due to alcohol and drug-related causes increased from 15 in 2000 to 27 in 2003. The fatality rate in 2003 was 24.2 per 100,000, higher than the statewide rate of 20.9 per 100,000 persons.
- The number of deaths due to cirrhosis of the liver decreased from 14 in 2000 to 10 in 2003. The rate of death in 2003 was 7.7 per 100,000, higher than the Health People 2010 goal of 3.2 per 100,000.
- The number of drug-induced deaths increased from two in 2000 to 13 in 2003. The fatality rate in 2003 was 12.3 per 100,000, significantly higher than the Health People 2010 goal of 1.2 per 100,000.
- Of the 27 deaths due to alcohol and drug-related causes in 2003, 10 were for alcoholic liver disease, and seven were for accidental drug poisoning. Another five were for other drug poisonings.
- Of the 27 deaths due to alcohol and drug-related causes in 2003, roughly 56 percent were female.
- Over 80 percent of deaths due to alcohol and drug-related causes were for individuals over 44 years.



Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use

The number of deaths due to alcohol and drug-related causes and age adjusted death rate per 100,000 population.

Table/Figure 8.1

Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes and Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	15	25	37	27
Total Population	92,532	94,523	95,752	97,320
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	13.0	73.6	35.2	24.2
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	19.0	19.2	20.1	20.9

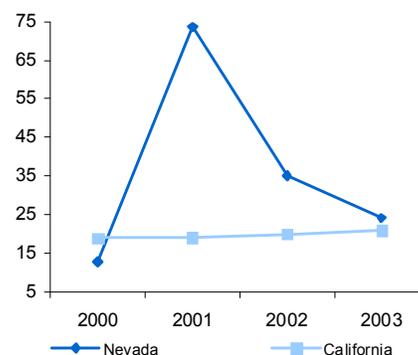


Table 8.2

Number of Deaths Due to Cirrhosis of the Liver and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Healthy People 2010 Objective

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	14	14	8	10
Total Population	92,532	94,523	95,752	97,320
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	12.0	32.1	7.1	7.7
Healthy People 2010	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2

Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

Objectives 26-2
*Reduce the rate of
cirrhosis deaths
to 3.2 per 100,000
by the year 2010.*

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Objectives 26-3
*Reduce the rate of
drug-induced deaths
to 1.2 per 100,000
population
by the year 2010*

Table 8.3

Number of Drug-Induced Deaths and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Healthy People 2010 Objective

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	2	10	26	13
Total Population	92,532	94,523	95,752	97,320
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	2.0	40.7	25.4	12.3
Healthy People 2010	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 8.4
Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Specific Cause

		2000		2001		2002		2003	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
TOTAL ALCOHOL AND DRUG-RELATED DEATHS		15	100.0	25	100.0	37	100.0	27	100.0
Deaths Due to Alcohol Use	Alcohol Psychosis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	3.7
	Alcohol Abuse	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	5.4	2	7.4
	Alcohol Dependence Syndrome	2	13.3	1	4.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Polyneuropathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Degeneration of the Nervous System	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Myopathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Cardiomyopathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	3.7
	Alcoholic Gastritis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Liver Disease	11	73.3	14	56.0	8	21.6	10	37.0
	Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Fetus and Newborn Affect by Maternal Use of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcohol Poisoning	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	2.7	0	0.0
	Intentional Self-Poisoning (Alcohol)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Excessive Blood Level of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Alcohol-Induced Pancreatitis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	
Deaths Due to Drug Use	Accidental Drug Poisoning	1	6.7	7	28.0	17	45.9	7	25.9
	Intentional Self-Poisoning (Drug)	1	6.7	3	12.0	4	10.8	1	3.7
	Intentional Poisoning (Assault)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Other Drug Poisonings	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	8.1	5	18.5
	Fetus and Newborn Affect by Maternal Use of Drugs	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Mental and Behavioral Disorders due to Use of...								
	... Opioids	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Cannabinoids	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Sedatives or Hypnotics	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Stimulants	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	2.7	0	0.0
	... Hallucinogens	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Solvents	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Psychoactive Substances	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	2.7	0	0.0

Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 8.5
Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Population Demographics of Decedents with Percent of Total Deaths

			2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL ALCOHOL AND DRUG DEATHS			15	25	37	27
Gender	Male	Number	9	20	24	12
		Percent of Total	60.0%	80.0%	64.9%	44.4%
	Female	Number	6	5	13	15
		Percent of Total	40.0%	20.0%	35.1%	55.6%
Age at Time of Death	10-17 Years	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	18-24 Years	Number	0	0	1	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%
	25-34 Years	Number	0	1	3	3
		Percent of Total	0.0%	4.0%	8.1%	11.1%
	35-44 Years	Number	3	5	9	2
		Percent of Total	20.0%	20.0%	24.3%	7.4%
	45-54 Years	Number	6	7	12	12
		Percent of Total	40.0%	28.0%	32.4%	44.4%
	55-64 Years	Number	2	6	5	4
		Percent of Total	13.3%	24.0%	13.5%	14.8%
	65+ Years	Number	4	6	7	6
		Percent of Total	26.7%	24.0%	18.9%	22.2%
Race	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Black	Number	0	0	0	1
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%
	Hispanic	Number	0	1	1	1
		Percent of Total	0.0%	4.0%	2.7%	3.7%
	White	Number	15	24	36	25
		Percent of Total	100.0%	96.0%	97.3%	92.6%
	Other/ Unknown	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Sources

Indicator	Agency	Print and Electronic Data Sources
Prevalence of Alcohol Use	UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, California Department of Health Services, Public Health Institute	California Health Interview Survey (CHIS)
Admissions to Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment	California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs	California Alcohol and Drug Data System (CADDSS) Admissions Data
Alcohol and Drug-Related Crime	California Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, Criminal Justice Statistics Center	California Arrest Data 2000-2004
Drinking and Driving	California Highway Patrol (CHP)	Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) 2000-2004
Alcohol and Drug-Related Hospitalizations	Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD)	California Hospital Discharge Data Set, 2000, 2001, 2003
Alcohol and Drug-Related Mortality	California Department of Health Services, Vital Statistics Section	Death Statistical Masterfile 2000-2003 California Health Status Profiles 2006





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